





Methodology

We compiled this report mainly using our own data and insights. In addition, we also used other external sources, namely: Euromonitor, Datamonitor and ystats.com.

The forward-looking statements and figures contained in this report relate to the eCommerce industry as a whole and not Worldpay's business. They are indicative predictions based on the data we have used and our own experience and should be treated as such.

Our knowledge is based on years of experience in global eCommerce and this report is complemented by a number of surveys and interviews with experts in the payments industry.

We have also used more than 100 other secondary data sources, including:

- Local card, banking, and/or payments associations
- Facts and figures on various eWallets and other alternative payments schemes
- Facts and figures on various card schemes and payments providers
- eCommerce industry reports and studies
- Other payments surveys and reports
- Third-party news articles



In this section you will find an explanation of each payment method outlined in this report.

- Direct Debits

- PrePay
- Others
- Pre-Paid Cards
- Debit Cards
- Credit Cards
- Charge Cards

Alternative Payments methods are all those payments that are not cards running on global scheme networks such as Visa, MasterCard or American Express.

Real-Time Bank Transfers

Consumers pay for goods using their online banking facility. They are either redirected to their bank or select their bank from a provider's page. Authorisation is immediate in most cases.

Examples: iDeal, Sofort Banking, eNets, Przelewy24, Safetypay

Offline Bank Transfers

Consumers are given a reference number during the purchase process. They can log in to their online banking facility, at their leisure and use the reference to complete the transaction. Authorisation is not immediate.

Examples: Dineromail, SafetyPay

Total turnover value in US\$/ Percentage of total eCommerce market

2014

\$212 bn/11.1%

2019 forecast

\$283 bn/11.7%

Cash on Delivery

A transaction in which a payment for goods is made at the time of delivery. This method is set to increase in India and certain countries in South East Asia.

Although popular in some regions, Cash on Delivery is specific to particular countries and suppliers, it isn't a scheme that can be rolled out globally.

Examples: Merchant and bespoke delivery company services

Direct Debits

Direct Debits aren't relevant to all merchants. They're limited mainly to low-value or recurring transactions. They are popular for regular, predictable payments, such as subscriptions, although they carry the risk of chargebacks.

Examples: SEPA DD, ELV

elnvoices

When using elnvoices, consumers can pay for goods after delivery, without sharing credit card or bank details.

It can be as simple as entering their email address and postcode to make a payment.

Examples: Klarna, AfterPay

Total turnover value in US\$/ Percentage of total eCommerce market

2014

\$124 bn/6.5%

2019 forecast

\$165 bn/6.8%

Total turnover value in US\$/
Percentage of total eCommerce
market

2014

\$5 bn/0.3%

2019 forecast **\$13bn/0.6%**

Total turnover value in US\$/
Percentage of total eCommerce
market

2014

\$3 bn/0.1%

2019 forecast **\$8 bn/0.3%**

eWallets

Easy and secure to use, this is quickly growing payment method becoming increasingly popular across all sectors. Consumers can either use stored value or take funds from a payment type linked to their eWallet, giving them choice and convenience.

Examples: Alipay, Tenpay, PayPal, Qiwi, Yandex.Money

PostPay

When a consumer selects a product online, they pay for it later at an affiliated outlet or store. The delay between the initial order and the consumer completing their payment means that this does not always suit perishable goods and timesensitive purchases.

Examples: Konbini, Boleto Bancario

PrePay

Consumers need to buy a card or voucher before starting a transaction.
These cards are not usually run on scheme networks (such as Visa and MasterCard) and are usually authorised immediately. Most prepay products have a funding limit and some don't allow multiple cards/vouchers to fund one single transaction.

Examples: paysafecard, NeoSurf

Others

These include mobile carrier billing, cryptocurrencies and other emerging technologies.

Examples: Bitcoin, Zong, BOKU

Total turnover value in US\$/
Percentage of total eCommerce
market

2014

\$417 bn/21.7%

2019 forecast

\$668 bn/27.6%

Total turnover value in US\$/
Percentage of total eCommerce
market

2014

\$18 bn/0.9%

2019 forecast

\$25 bn/1.0%

Total turnover value in US\$/
Percentage of total eCommerce
market

2014

\$55 bn/2.9%

2019 forecast

\$122 bn/5.0%

Total turnover value in US\$/
Percentage of total eCommerce
market

2014

\$20 bn/1.0%

2019 forecast

\$19 bn/0.8%

Pre-Paid Cards

These are cards that run on scheme networks such as Visa and MasterCard. These cards can be used to make purchases or withdraw cash in the same way as a debit or credit card. The key difference is that they need to be loaded up with cash in advance – the balance then operates as the spending limit.

Often offered to the un/under-banked, younger people, or people with a poor credit history.

Debit Cards

Bank cards used in cash transactions, which are not credit cards. In a debit card transaction, the amount of a purchase is withdrawn from the available balance in the cardholder's account. If the available funds are insufficient, the transaction is not completed (except where an overdraft facility is in place).

Also called asset card (in the US), or payment card (in the UK).

Credit Cards

Credit cardholders (who may pay annual service charges) draw on a credit limit approved by the card-issuer such as a bank, store, or service provider (an airline, for example).

Credit card balances are usually rolling, whereby part of the balance needs to be paid (with interest and/or charges) on a 30-day basis, until the full balance is paid.

Charge Cards

Similar to credit cards, the main difference being that the full balance – of all purchases made in a period – has to be settled in full in the following 30 day period, rather than the balance rolling with part payment being made.

Examples: Most American Express cards

Total turnover value in US\$/ Percentage of total eCommerce market

2014

\$45 bn/2.4%

2019 forecast

\$43 bn/1.8%

Total turnover value in US\$/
Percentage of total eCommerce
market

2014

\$387 bn/20.1%

2019 forecast

\$416 bn/17.2%

Total turnover value in US\$/
Percentage of total eCommerce
market

2014

\$577 bn/29.9%

2019 forecast

\$603 bn/24.9%

Total turnover value in US\$/
Percentage of total eCommerce
market

2014

\$59 bn/3.1%

2019 forecast

\$57 bn/2.3%



Is the global eCommerce market growing?

the global eCommerce market is expected to be worth

us \$1.9 tn

up

on 2014

Global eCommerce to hit expected to hit

us\$2.4tn

by

line

orange

or

with

of this being exclusively from mobile devices

How will the landscape of Alternative Payments evolve over time?

In 2015

payment methods stock card payment of card payment of

They are set to claim

eCommerce turnover by

In our previous report we predicted that alternative payment methods would account for 59% all eCommerce turnover by 2017. Although alternative payments are undoubtedly on the rise, they have not grown as fast as originally predicted. This is mainly due to delayed launches of key card scheme's eWallet initiatives which were expected in 2013. Another important factor is that UnionPay has moved more slowly than anticipated in the Chinese eCommerce market, which is dominated by Alipay.



is expected to have the largest shift towards alternative payment methods

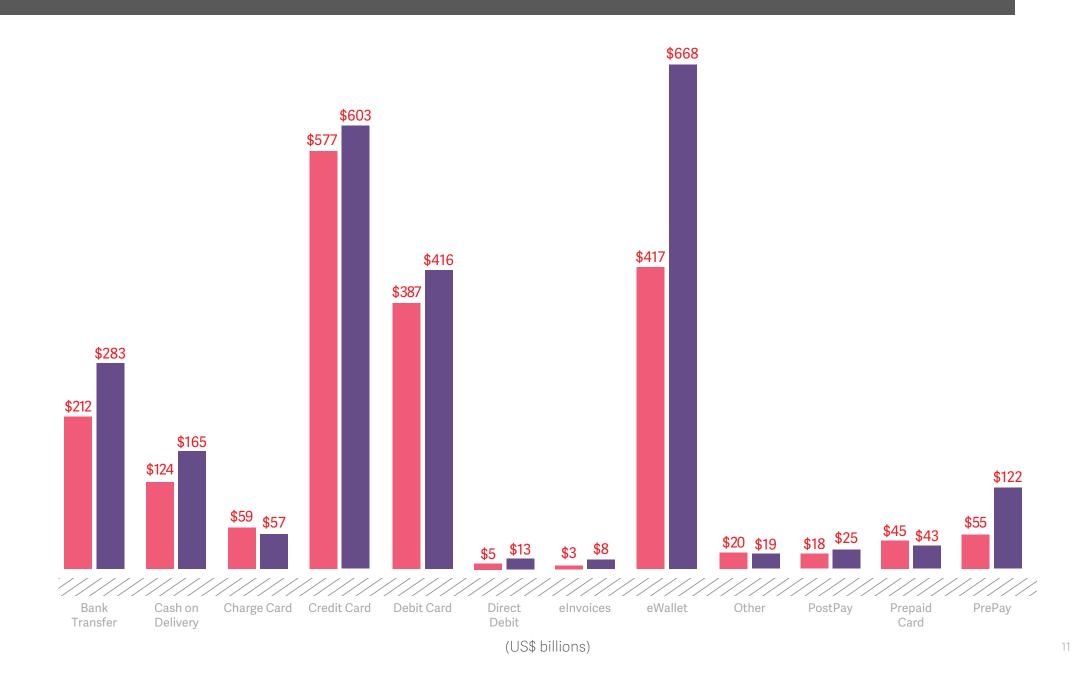


up to

of eCommerce turnover

2019

Which payment method will become the most popular in the future?

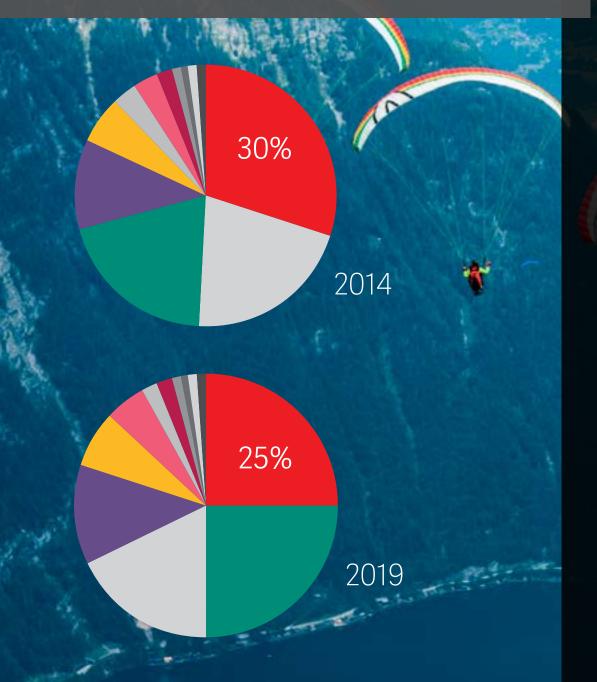


In the future, what will be the split between Card and Alternative Payment Methods (APM) by region?

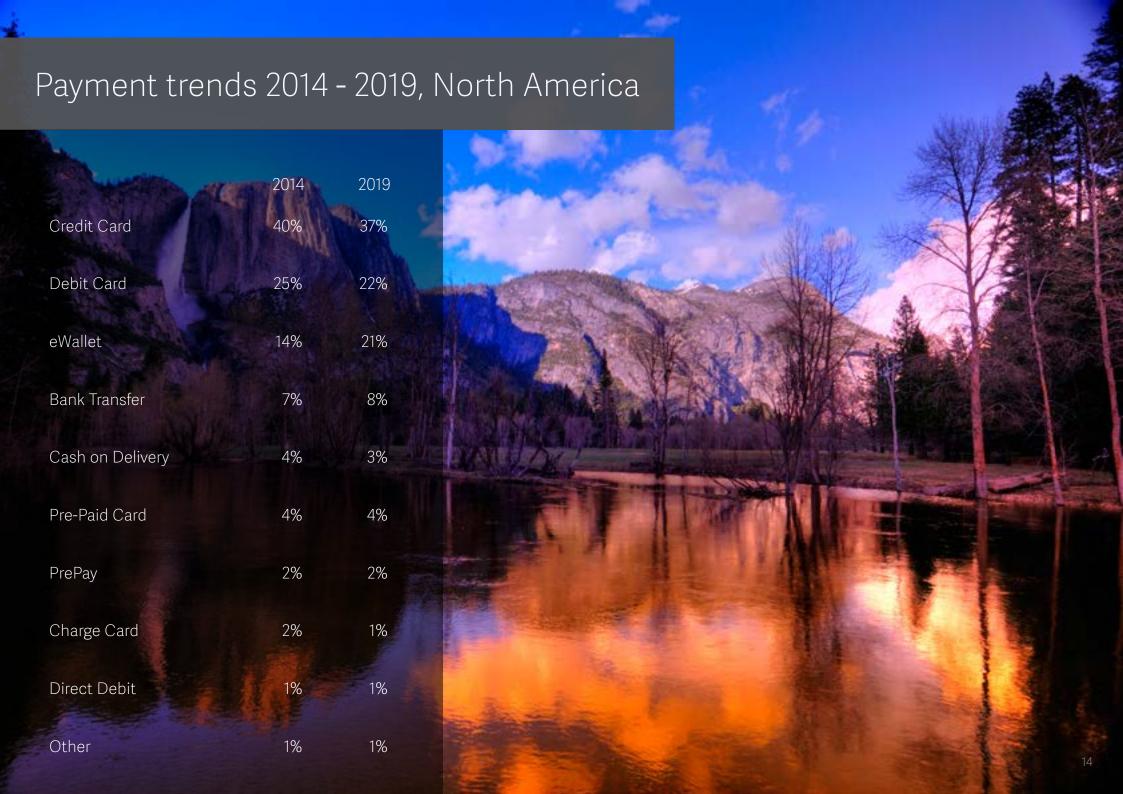


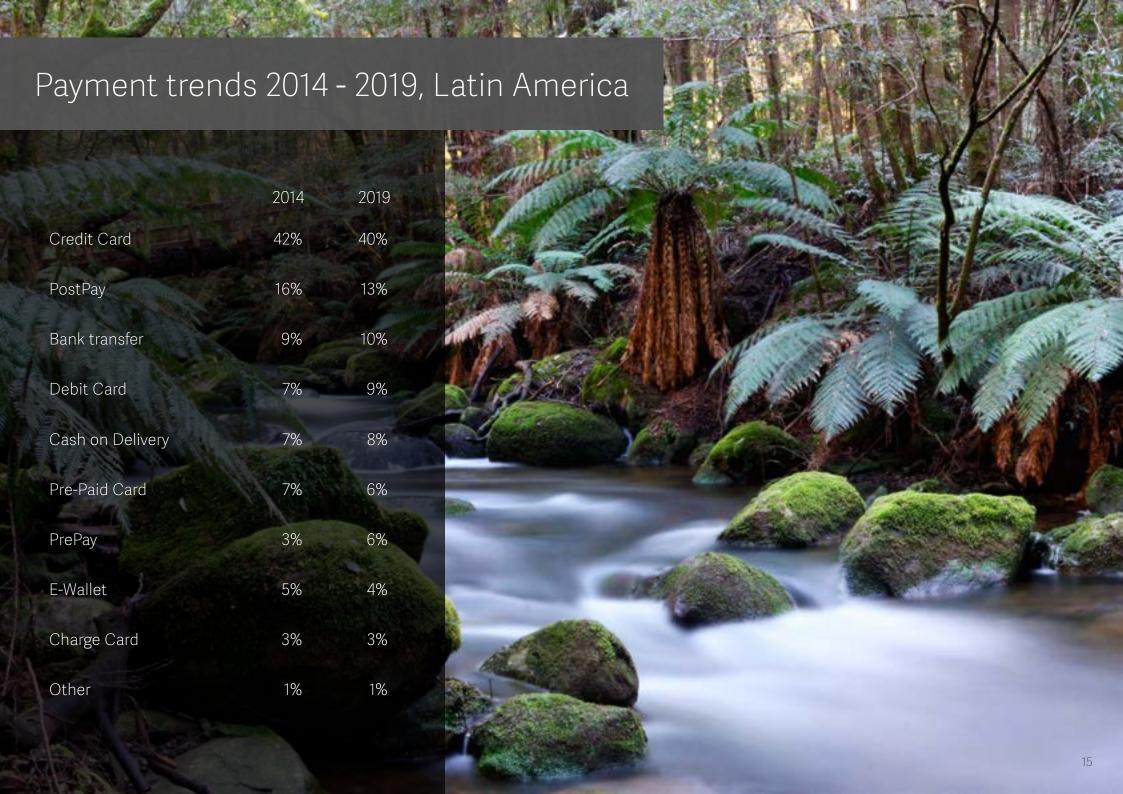
Global payment methods breakdown

water to the state of



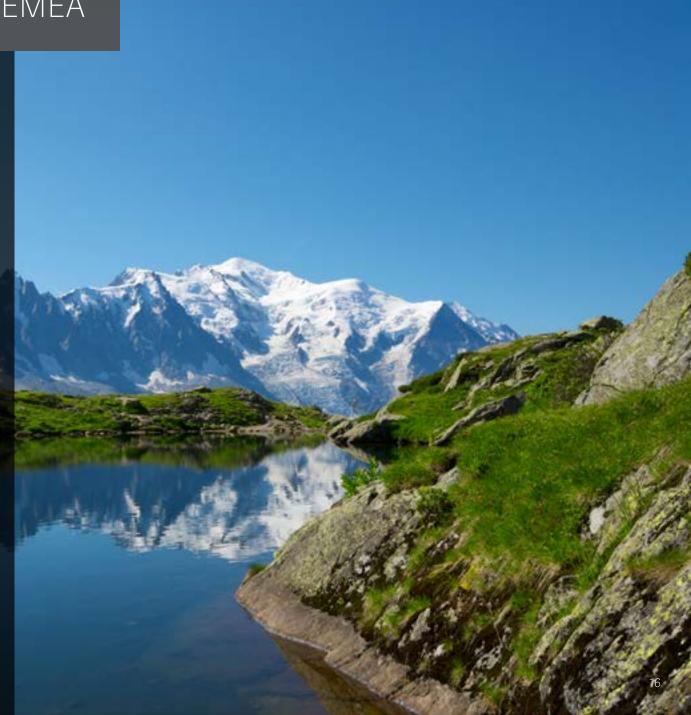
		2014	2019
-	Credit Card	29.9%	24.9%
	eWallet	21.7%	27.6%
1	Debit Card	20.1%	17.2%
5	Bank Transfer	11.1%	11.7%
	Cash on Delivery	6.5%	6.8%
-	Charge Card	3.1%	2.3%
٠	PrePay	2.9%	5.0%
	Pre-Paid Card	2.4%	1.8%
	Other	1.0%	0.8%
٠	PostPay	0.9%	1.0%
40	Direct Debit	0.3%	0.6%
	elnvoices	0.1%	0.3%





Payment trends 2014 - 2019, EMEA

	2014	2019
Debit Card	29%	26%
eWallet	20%	21%
Bank Transfer	17%	18%
Credit Card	13%	12%
Charge Card	7%	5%
Cash on Delivery	6%	7%
PrePay	3%	5%
Direct Debit	1%	1%
elnvoices	1%	1%
Other	1%	2%
PostPay	1%	1%
Pre-Paid Card	1%	1%





Key insights



China has been a leading force in the global economy.

The rise of the middle class and the changing consumption habits have driven YOY eCommerce growth.

In the market, the most popular online payment method is Alipay.

What is most interesting in this region is that many domestic alternative payment methods are now recognising new opportunities, enhancing their product offerings and expanding into neighbouring countries and beyond.

This year Alipay has partnered with Walmart China and Uber, to further expand their online proposition into offline payments.

UnionPay has also has been making significant efforts to improve international acceptance by – among other things – providing exclusive privileges in the US and forming partnerships in Germany to ensure ATM coverage. The marketing and product strength of these companies means they can make an impact on new markets in a very short timeframe.



The real winners we're likely to see in the coming years

Alipay: The Chinese market is set to grow further in the next few years. Alipay will benefit from this growth as the most popular payment method.

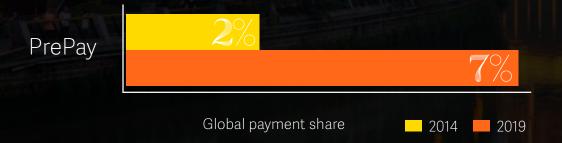
The payments giant is also expanding rapidly internationally, with a specific focus on Europe and US.

Tenpay: as a result of recent innovation, this payment method is poised to increase its share of Chinese market.

MasterPass: expected to win significant share by adopting a new approach of selective market entry, especially in non PayPal dominated markets and China.

UnionPay: the eCommerce user experience is evolving as the company better understands the eCommerce space. With a strong position in CPT (cardholder present transactions) in China, UnionPay is expected to succeed.

PrePay: the markets where Pre-Paid vouchers have been prevalent are flourishing, though in economies which are historically more credit-driven, consumers are now choosing to take more control over their finances. This is driving a preference for Pre-Paid payment options in historically credit-centric markets. Overall, in these markets the golden age of credit is over — a fact which is precipitating growth in Debit and Pre-Paid payment methods. No longer do consumers want to burden themselves with debt — they are hyperaware of the damaging effect of credit, and their buying behaviour has changed accordingly.



It is worth noting that other eWallets such as Apple Pay, Samsung Pay and Android Pay are also highly likely to increase market share in future, but as they have recently emerged, there is currently no data available to fully support this.



The Shangri-La of payments - eWallets

Our previous discussion about eWallets, in 2013, really included only V.me, MasterPass, Alipay and PayPal.

At that time, there were very few market entrants, and the main players enjoyed a substantial market share. Our (reasonable) expectation was that Visa and MasterCard would quickly steal significant share from the incumbents as the only viable alternatives.

But who would have thought the world could change so much, or so quickly?

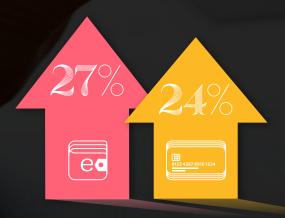
Not long ago, eWallets were invariably part of a retail giant, such as Alipay (Alibaba) and PayPal (eBay). But no longer. Recently, we have seen bank and network wallets emerge, with Visa Checkout, MasterPass and ChasePay as the forerunners. And there are other players, too, who have entered the market - players who are not, traditionally, in the payments field. Driven by a need to create customer 'stickiness' by integrating their technology into their consumers' everyday lives, multinationals such as Apple with Apple Pay, Samsung with Samsung Pay and Google with Android Pay are revolutionising the payments scene. Never before has consumer choice been so broad. Interestingly, this is not a result of a simple revenue-generation strategy by these giants; instead, it is all about value add – a strategy of enriching their customers' lives by delivering the consumer shopping experience of the future.

Who will win the eWallet wars?

Faced with more choice than ever, consumers are very clear on their needs.

The winners of the eWallet war will need to provide a second to none customer experience, underpinned by the following pillars:

- Continuity of convenience no need to enter card security details repeatedly;
- Reach/scale a payment method that can be used in most places;
- Omni-channel the ability to use the eWallet across all environments, such as in-store, online and in-app;
- Assured security consumers still feel that security is more of a concern in non-card payments;
- Personalisation and loyalty loyalty schemes and delivery preferences should be updated automatically, and in real-time.



eWallets will overtake Credit Cards by 2019



In our report of 2013, we predicted that Cash on Delivery would fall from 5% to just 2% of all payments. This prediction, however, did not factor in the impact of the BRIC economies on the overall payments landscape. Although these economies were maturing, we, along with other commentators, failed to appreciate just how quickly they would come of age.

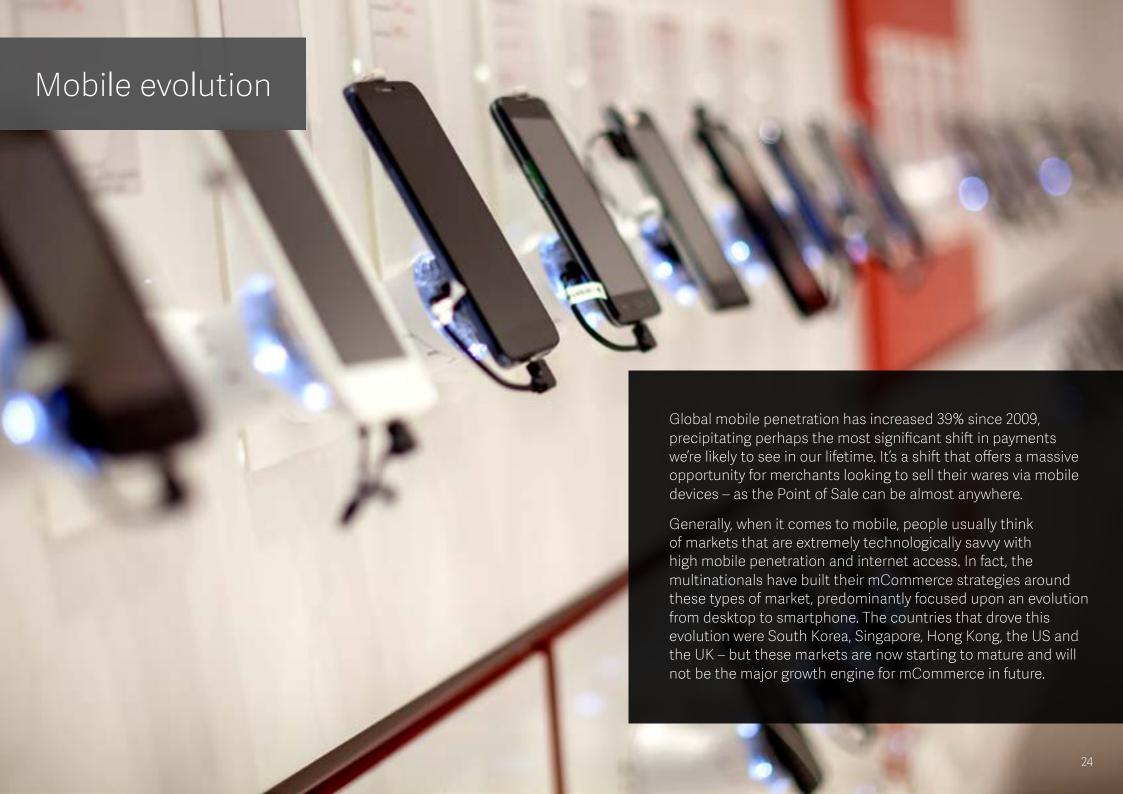
The eCommerce market in India is expected to quadruple over the next four years. The country is also set to become the largest SME market in the world, overtaking the United States by 2017. With such expansion, consumer preferences cannot change at the same rate.

In an economy historically using cash, which also experiences a sudden boom in non-smartphone

based mCommerce, the need to deliver goods and services must inevitably result in Cash on Delivery becoming a premier payment channel.

In some markets – specifically China, Russia and Taiwan – we predicted a significant decline in Cash on Delivery. But the unexpected and substantial growth in these economies, coupled with the cultural link to paying with cash, upset this prediction. In Taiwan, particularly, consumers have a marked preference to paying with cash, and we can't see that changing in the foreseeable future.

As cash is such a globally fragmented payment type, there are no clear 'winners' in terms of countries. However, merchants who may be tempted to believe that cash is 'dead' would do well to remember that Cash on Delivery still makes up 7% of all payments. It's also worth remembering, though, that there's a challenge with trying to operate with cash – most notably that it's highly market-specific and extremely fragmented, and retailers usually have their own Cash on Delivery agent. This makes it a payment form that's particularly challenging to adopt in the context of cross-border transactions, as it is both costly and subject to fraud. When thinking about establishing a delivery and fulfilment infrastructure in markets where Cash on Delivery is popular, it's important to select an appropriate partner, as it's likely that you will want them to collect cash payment on your behalf.







It's clear from the many payment methods in use around the world that one size doesn't fit all. The regional cultural nuances that affect payment preferences and behaviours around the world will never, at least in the foreseeable future, be eliminated.

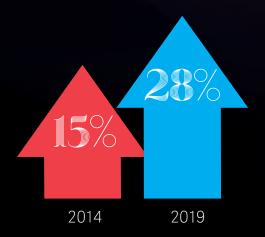
But it's also true that consumers are no longer bound by the classic payment methods and traditional credit-based options of the past. Take JCB, for example. A Japanese card scheme and a strong national brand, JCB has for many years enjoyed dominance of the domestic in-store market. However, JCB has limited international merchant coverage – a factor which became highly significant with the advent of eCommerce, which enabled consumers to purchase from beyond their national borders.

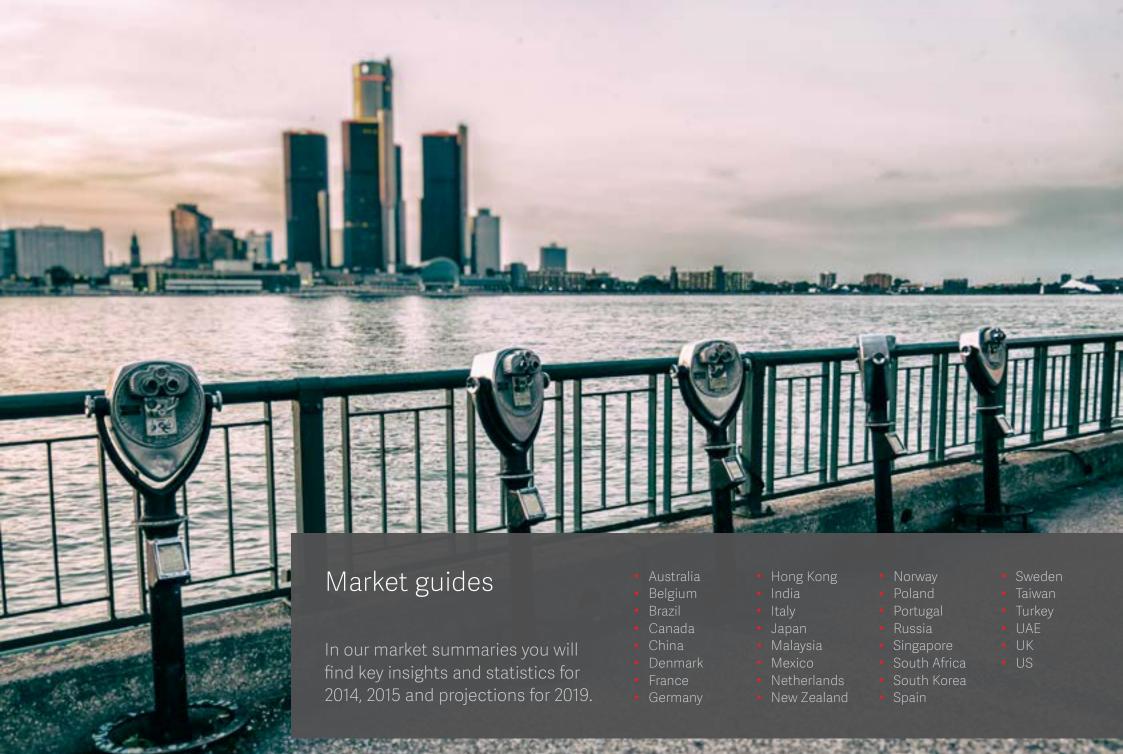
While this hasn't affected JCB's ageing consumer demographic, there is an emerging category of younger consumers who want to travel, and purchase goods and services, from outside of Japan. This group increasingly prefer an internationally recognised card rather than JCB, which has lower international acceptance than Visa and MasterCard. The result is a growing disparity between in-store and online market share. The challenge faced by JCB is to encourage younger Japanese consumers' preferences towards their own product, something they are addressing as they invest and successfully expand their international merchant coverage.

Another example of adaptation is in Malaysia, where we're seeing high growth in eCommerce, as a growing middle class of consumers increasingly embrace new ways to pay. Although cards currently dominate in Malaysia, with 75% of the market, it's likely that this share will fall sharply over the next four years, largely due to the higher availability of more culturally relevant payment methods - bank transfers and eWallets, for example. This, however, is not necessarily a shift in consumer culture, but rather the effect of companies adapting to the buying preferences of a new group of more affluent and tech-savvy consumers.

It is vital for payment methods to constantly innovate, to reflect the needs of current and future consumers. As younger generations grow up, their buying power increases accordingly, and once payment preferences have been established, they are very difficult to change.

Malaysia's eCommerce bank transfer share







While eCommerce grows steadily, we expect there to be a significant move away from card payments towards alternative payment methods.



With a high Internet penetration and technologically-aware consumer base Australia is one of Asia Pacific's larges eCommerce markets. Although cross-borde trade has been high compared to domestic purchases, this is now changing as loca suppliers increase the sophistication of their online service.

For payment, cards – particularly cards with loyalty schemes – are currently a popular choice for online payments, with 61% share of the market, though this is likely to fall to less than 40% by 2019 in favour of alternative payment methods.



Top tip: As Australian consumers are among the worlds biggest users of eWallets, merchants should support this payment method.

At a glance

23 Million 83% Internet penetration (% of population)

2014 population

US\$1.44 tn 1.31

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

PayPal, Bpay & POLi

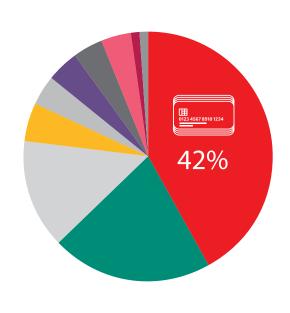
Popular alternative payment methods

eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$42 bn	US\$36 bn	US\$6 bn
2019	US\$67 bn	US\$53 bn	US\$13 bn

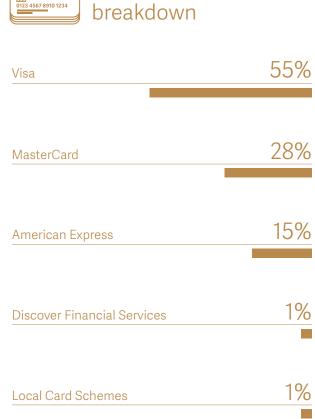
12% ▲ 2015-2019 CAGR

eCommerce mix by payment methods



Credit Card	42%
eWallet	21%
Debit Card	14%
Cash on Delivery	5%
Charge Card	4%
Bank Transfer	4%
PostPay	4%
PrePay	4%
Pre-Paid	1%
Others	1%







After a slow start, Belgium now has one of the fastest-growing eCommerce markets in the world



Although Belgium has high Internet usage it was relatively slow to embrace the eCommerce model. This, however, is not longer the case and online sales are expected to show one of the highest growth rates in the world between 2015 and 2019. Much of this growth is expected to be as a result of an exceptionally high increase in mCommerce.

Cards and bank transfers comprise over half of all payments by volume, though eWallet and cash are also both significant. The current relative share of cards vs. alternative payment methods (57%: 43% respectively) is expected to remain static until at least 2019



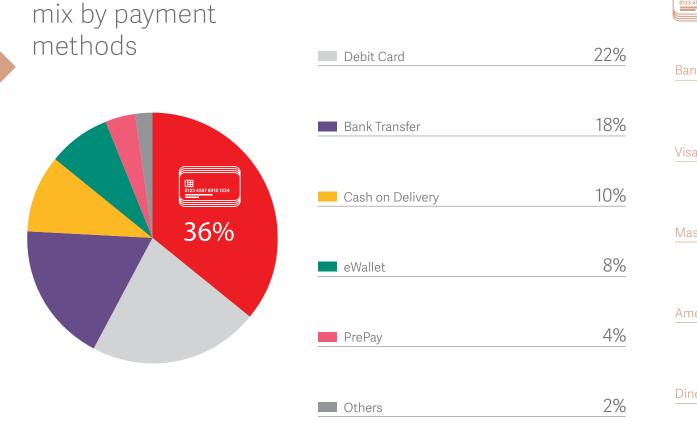
Top tip: Belgium's home-grown payment product, Bancontact, is second in popularity to cards and over 80% of all online merchants accept this payment method.

At a glance 11 Million 2014 population US\$535 bn 1.14 2014 GDP Mobile subscriptions per capita Mister Cash & Sofort Banking Popular alternative payment methods Credit Card

eCommerce turnover Desktop Mobile 2015 US\$6 bn US\$5 bn US\$0.3 bn 2019 US\$12 bn US\$11 bn US\$2 bn 21% ▲ 2015-2019 CAGR

eCommerce projected growth

36%







Latin America's eCommerce giant still has plenty of room for growth.



Despite a relatively low Internet penetration, Brazil's large population has resulted in a huge eCommerce market. In fact, Brazil is responsible for over 60% of South America's total online purchases and it is a market that's expected to grow steadily over the coming few years, spurred by changes in regulations and the deployment of new technologies.

In the payment arena, the majority of Brazil's online shoppers prefer to use cards (54%), even though many of these are not enabled for cross-border settlement. Boleto Bancário, which supports both online and offline payment (including cash), is also extremely popular. The rapid adoption of mCommerce, which looks set to continue until at least 2019, is expected to catalyse a growth of approximately 8% (to 31%) in alternative payment methods by 2019. This market is clearly one to watch.



Top tip: An important fact of the Brazilian payment landscape is that a high proportion (up to 80%) of eCommerce purchases are paid for by instalments.

At a glance

202 Million 52%

2014 population

Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$2.35 tn

1.39

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

Boleto Bancário & Bank Transfer

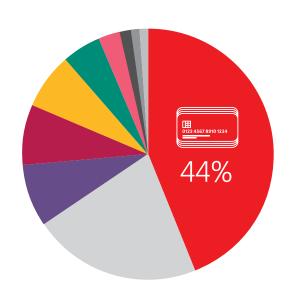
Popular alternative payment methods

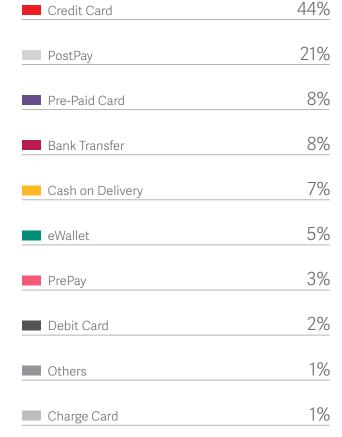
eCommerce projected growth

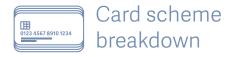
	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$24 bn	US\$22 bn	US\$1 bn
2019	US\$51 bn	US\$37 bn	US\$14 bn

21% **\(\)** 2015-2019 CAGR

eCommerce mix by payment methods







Visa	49%
MasterCard	40%
Local Card Schemes	9%
American Express	2%



The dominance of credit cards is expected to weaken significantly, as Canada's eCommerce market grows steadily.



While Internet penetration is high in Canada the eCommerce market here remains relatively small, leaving considerable room for growth. This growth is already happening at a modest but steady CAGR and there is an emphasis on mobile usage rather than desktop.

Cards, overwhelmingly, are the most popular form of online payment in Canada, though their usage is expected to decline by some 20% (from 73% currently) by 2019, in favour of alternative methods. Of these, Bank Transfers and eWallets (especially PayPal) are the most



Top tip: It's worth noting that Canada is the global leader in crossborder retail eCommerce, with 75% of Canadian shoppers purchasing from US websites.

At a glance

2014 population

2014 GDP

35 Million

86%

Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$1.78 tn

0.83

Mobile subscriptions per capita

Cradit Card

2015

2019

12% ▲ 2015-2019 CAGR

64%

eCommerce projected growth

eCommerce turnover

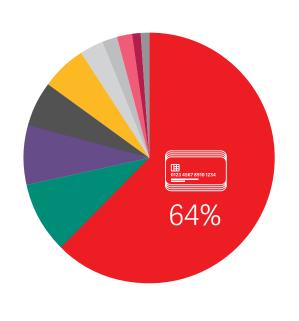
US\$46 bn

US\$73 bn

Interac cards & PayPal

Popular alternative payment methods

eCommerce mix by payment methods



Credit Card	04%
eWallet	8%
Bank Transfer	7%
Debit Card	6%
	00/
Cash on Delivery	6%
Direct Debit	3%
Charge Card	2%
PrePay	2%
Pre-Paid	1%
Others	1%



Desktop

US\$42 bn

US\$62 bn

Mobile

US\$4 bn

US\$11 bn

30%
10%
8%



Although alternative payments may lose share in coming years, their absolute value is likely to increase significantly.



Although eCommerce currently represents a relatively low percentage of China's total retain spend, the sector has a relatively high growth rate, which is expected to continue until at least 2019. Mcommerce sales, which are growing especially quickly, are also expected to quadruple within the same time-frame.

For online payments, eWallets (particularly Alipay) are the most popular form of payment, while credit and debit cards comprise a relatively low share of total payments with 20% of the market. However, with the growing popularity of card schemes such as UnionPay, this share is expected to increase by some 10% over the next few years, while alternative payment methods are expected to fall by the same amount, from 80% to 70% of the market.



Top tip: Merchants who want to fully penetrate the market in China should consider supporting Alipay, Tenpay and UnionPay.

1,364 Million 46%

2014 population

Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$10.3 tn

0.92

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

Alipay, Tenpay & UnionPay

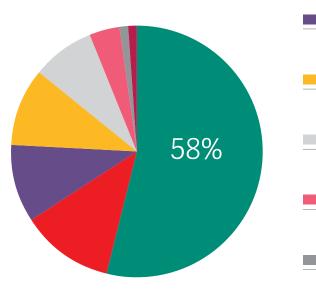
Popular alternative payment methods

eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$310 bn	US\$272 bn	US\$38 bn
2019	US\$574 bn	US\$426 bn	US\$147 bn

17% ▲ 2015-2019 CAGR

eCommerce. mix by payment methods



58% eWallet

10% Credit Card

10% Bank Transfer

9% Cash on Delivery

7% Debit Card

4% PrePay

1% Others

1% Pre-Paid



Card scheme breakdown

Visa

MasterCard

2% **American Express**

1%



Credit card payments are likely to decline over the next few years, in favour of alternative payment methods.



With a very high Internet penetration and over four million online shoppers (over 70% of the market's population), Denmark has recently joined the global top 15 in retail eCommerce.

A high adoption rate of mobile technology has resulted in an equally high growth of eCommerce and this sector is likely to grow by some 400% in the period 2015-2019. Over the same period, card payments are expected to decline in popularity, from a 39% share to 30%, giving way to alternative payment methods, of which eWallets are likely to be the fastest-growing.



Top tip: The Danish eCommerce Association (FDIH) is an industry association that provides a range of support services for companies trading online.

5 Million 95%

2014 population Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$341 bn 1.26

2014 GDP Mobile subscriptions per capita

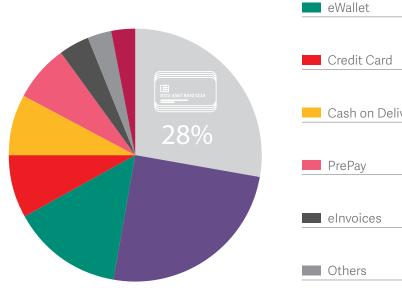
eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$11 bn	US\$10 bn	US\$1.5 bn
2019	US\$21 bn	US\$15 bn	US\$6 bn

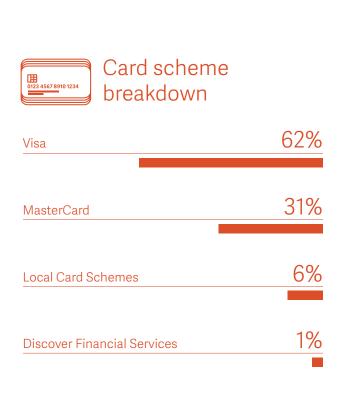
17% **\(\)** 2015-2019 CAGR

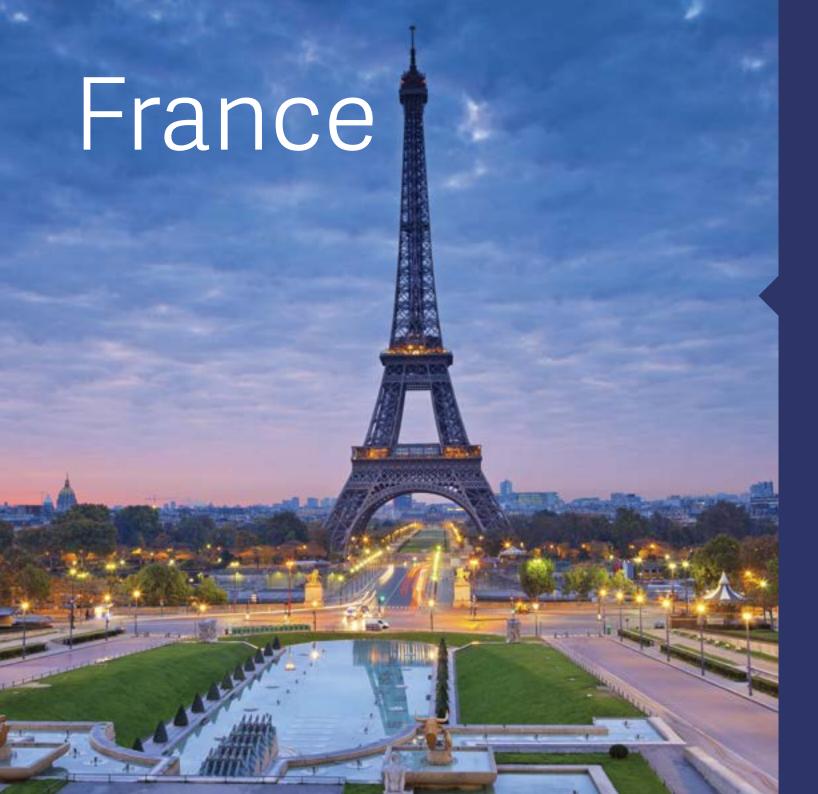
Dankort & Trustly

Popular alternative payment methods



28%
25%
14%
8%
8%
70/
7%
4%
3%
3%





A mature eCommerce market with modest growth, France is innovating in the payments arena.



It is perhaps unsurprising that, as an early adopter of Internet technologies and now one of Europe's largest eCommerce markets, penetration is now high, leaving less opportunity for rapid growth. However, although growth is modest, it remains significant, particularly in mobile sales. The full range of payment methods are in use, with no clear domination by any one form, though Carte Bancaire (an interbank scheme that requires a connection to a local acquirer) has a relatively high share of eCommerce turnover.

Cards are expected to lose about 30% of their current market share by 2019, dropping to 41% (from 62%), when alternative payments is likely to comprise some 59% of all online payments. The French market is seeing innovation in the form of a new bank-owned national eWallet (Paylib), which is especially useful in mobile environments.



Top tip: France already has three times as many users of Paylib than PayPal and the trend is set to continue.

2014 population

66 Million 82%

Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$2.84 tn

1.0

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

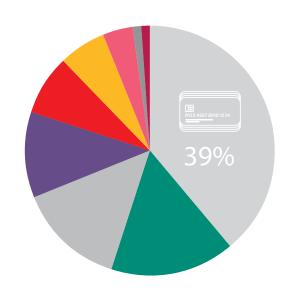
Carte Bancaire, PayLib & PayPal

Popular alternative payment methods

eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$75 bn	US\$66 bn	US\$9 bn
2019	US\$107 bn	US\$89 bn	US\$18 bn

9% **\(\)** 2015-2019 CAGR



Debit Card	39%
eWallet	16%
Charge Card	14%
Bank Transfer	11%
Credit Card	8%
Cash on Delivery	6%
PrePay	4%
Others	1%
Pre-Paid	1%

	Card scheme
0123 4567 8910 1234	breakdown

Groupement des Cartes Bancaires	90%*
MasterCard	4%
American Express	3%
Visa	2%
Others	1%

^{*} Please note that this local card scheme operates on Visa and MasterCard networks.



By 2019, alternative payment methods are expected to comprise 92% of all online payments.



With a high Internet penetration, eCommerce is well established in Germany and the market ranks fifth in the world in terms of online sales volume. Mcommerce is on the rise, too, with an impressive CAGR (105%) which is predicted to be maintained for the next four years at least. Germany is also a world-leader in cross-border transactions, behind only the US and the UK, with some 50% of online purchases made via an international website.

When it comes to payment, the dominant method is real-time Bank Transfer, though other non-credit card payment methods such as Sofort Banking, SEPA Direct Debit and Giropay are also popular. The already low (12% of total) level of card payments is likely to fall further (to 8%) by 2019, when alternative payments are expected to dominate at 92%. Use of eWallets (particularly PayPal) are high in Germany.



Top tip: An easy to use online payment process is extremely important for German consumers.

80 Million 84%

2014 population

Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$3.86 tn

1.20

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

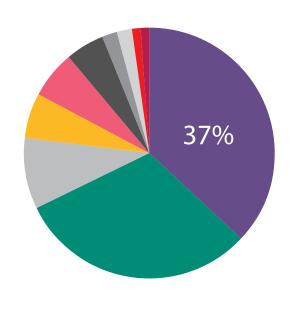
Sofort Banking, SEPA DD/ELV & Giropay

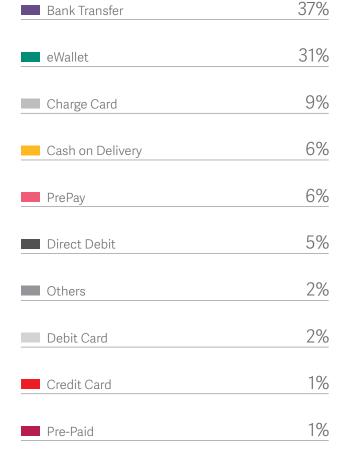
Popular alternative payment methods

eCommerce projected growth

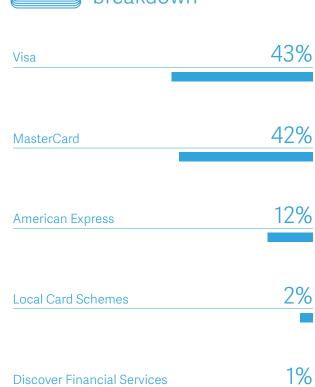
	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$81 bn	US\$73 bn	US\$8 bn
2019	US\$109 bn	US\$84 bn	US\$25 bn

8% ▲ 2015-2019 CAGR











Despite high mobile adoption, Hong Kong's mCommerce market is yet to fully ignite.



While Hong Kong's total Internet penetration is not among the global leaders, their adoption of mobile technology is significantly ahead of the rest of the world. However, this has not yet led to widespread adoption of mCommerce. The CAGR of this market is modest – as is the growth rate of eCommerce.

For online payments, Credit Cards (especially UnionPay) are the most popular method, making up 65% of all transactions. This figure is expected to grow by some 6% during 2015-2019. Among other payment forms, eWallets, cash and Bank Transfers all have a significant share.



Top tip: Hong Kong has one of the world's highest levels of smartphone penetration, therefore a payment process optimised for mobile platforms is advisable.

7 Million 74%

2014 population Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$290 bn 2.39

2014 GDP Mobile subscriptions per capita

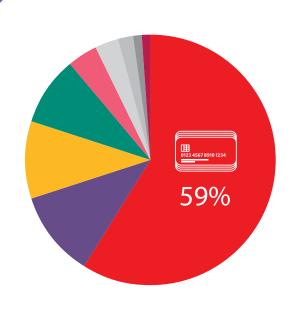
Octopus card & Bank Transfer

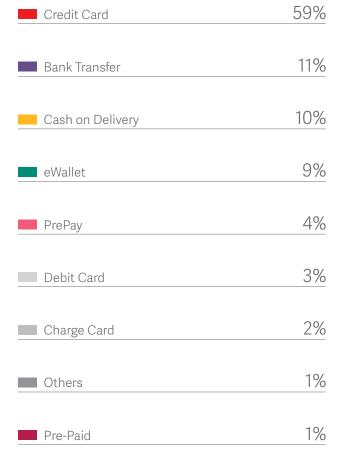
Popular alternative payment methods

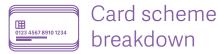
eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$8 bn	US\$5 bn	US\$3 bn
2019	US\$12 bn	US\$7 bn	US\$5 bn

10% **\(\)** 2015-2019 CAGR







Visa	48%
MasterCard	25%
'	
UnionPay	22%
American Express	2%
Local Card Schemes	2%
Discover Financial Services	1%



Massive growth potential has already begun to be realised, especially in mCommerce.



With the world's second-largest population and very low Internet penetration, India holds significant potential for eCommerce growth. In fact, this growth – despite low urbanisation and average income levels – has already started to boom. Ecommerce is expected to almost quadruple between 2015-2019. Mcommerce (driven by smartphone penetration) is the fastest-rising of all.

For online payments, Internet banking and cash dominate, as India is traditionally a market with low card usage. In fact, overall this method is likely to fall further by 2019, to a market share of 27%. In contrast, alternative payment methods are expected to increase to 73%.



Top tip: Due to RBI regulations, merchants will need to have a local entity for cross-border transactions, including a bank account for local currency settlement.

1,267 Million

15%

2014 population

Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$2.20 tn

0.75

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

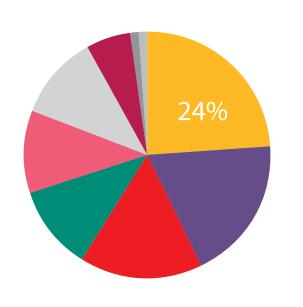
Cash on Delivery, Online Bank Transfer & Pre-Paid Cards

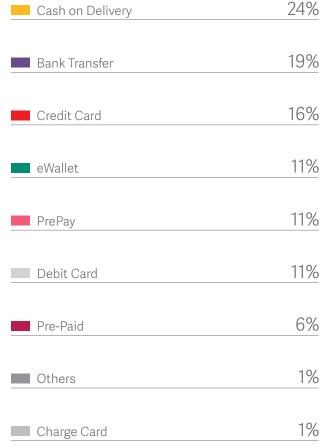
Popular alternative payment methods

eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$17 bn	US\$14 bn	US\$2 bn
2019	US\$61 bn	US\$51 bn	US\$10 bn

38%▲ 2015-2019 CAGR







Dieakuowii	
Visa ————————————————————————————————————	64%
MasterCard	21%
American Express	9%
Local Card Schemes	5%
Discover Financial Services	19



With eCommerce growing rapidly, this is a market to watch.



Despite the fact that many Italians still prefer to pay wish cash and that Internet penetration is still relatively low, the take-up of eCommerce in Italy is accelerating quickly. The increase is largely driven by mobile penetration, particularly smartphones — over one-fifth of Italians now purchase via their mobile or tablet.

The (perceived) higher security of Pre-Paid Cards make them a particularly popular form of payment, though the CartaSi Credit Cards and Postepay cards are also in common use. Overall, card payments are expected to fall by some 7% during 2015-2019, by which time alternative payment methods are likely to claim 52% of market share.



Top tip: PagoBancomat has recently enabled their cards for eCommerce. Given their 90% market coverage, this is expected to become a key online payment method of the future.

61 Million

58%

2014 population

Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$2.14 tn

1.54

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

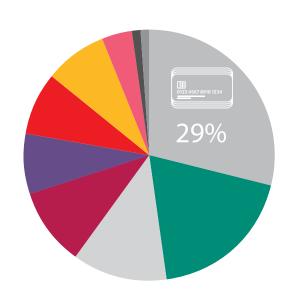
Postepay, CartaSi & PayPal

Popular alternative payment methods

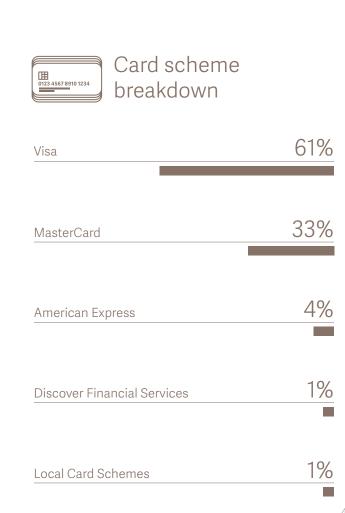
eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$20 bn	US\$18 bn	US\$2 bn
2019	US\$38 bn	US\$34 bn	US\$4 bn

17% **\(\)** 2015-2019 CAGR



Charge Card	29%
•Wallet	19%
Debit Card	12%
Pre-Paid	10%
Bank Transfer	8%
Credit Card	8%
Cash on Delivery	8%
■ PrePay	4%
■ Direct Debit	1%
Others	1%





Card payments remain dominant in Japan and their market share is expected to remain stable.



With a high proportion of urban population and a high Internet penetration rate, it is perhaps not surprising that Japan is the world's fourth-biggest eCommerce market, with a moderate but steady CAGR. Equally unsurprising is the fact that mCommerce is growing more quickly overall. Although cards dominate the payment process, cash and Konbini (payment for online purchases at convenience stores) still account for a significant proportion of the overall eCommerce turnover.

The share of the payment market enjoyed by cards and alternative methods are expected to remain stable until 2019, at 61% and 39% respectively. A marginal (2%) shift to alternative payment methods is highly probable, driven by the steady increase in mCommerce. Use of eWallets is relatively low.



Top tip: Japanese consumers tend to be highly security-conscious and favour websites that carry recognised security credentials.

127 Million

86%

2014 population

Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$4.61 tn

1.2

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

Konbini & PayEasy Bank Transfer

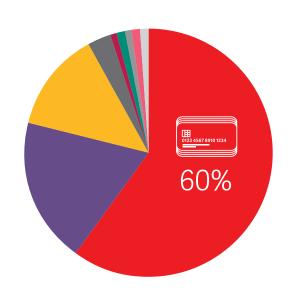
Popular alternative payment methods

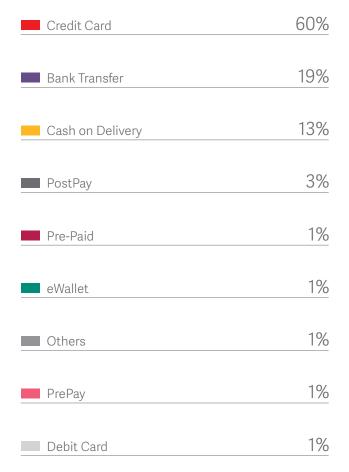
eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$119 bn	US\$92 bn	US\$26 bn
2019	US\$175 bn	US\$108 bn	US\$67 bn

10% ▲ 2015-2019 CAGR

eCommerce mix by payment methods







Card scheme breakdown

breakdown	
Visa	48%
	200/
MasterCard	28%
JCB	18%
American Express	5%
Others	1%



Online purchases are expected to grow steadily, mainly as a result of Intra-Asian trade flows.



As part of the largest regional eCommerce market in the world (Asia Pacific), Malaysia is showing moderately high growth in online retail, despite a relatively low Internet penetration. Total online purchases are expected to almost double over the next 3-4 years. Much of this is likely to be a result of Intra-Asian trade flows, though various initiatives to increase international competitiveness are likely to stimulate trans-regional trade.

Currently commanding 76% of all online payments, cards heavily dominate the payment environment, though Bank Transfers are also very popular. However, cards are expected to lose some 20% of their current market share over the next few years, as alternative payment methods – and particularly Bank Transfers – are expected grow from 24% to over 44%.



Top tip: The popularity of online banking in Malaysia, makes recurring payments and one-click purchasing a potentially powerful tool.

30 Million 67%

2014 population

Internet penetration (% of population)

Credit Card

Bank Transfer

US\$327 bn

1.49

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

Online Bank Transfer, Cash on Delivery & PayPal

Popular alternative payment methods

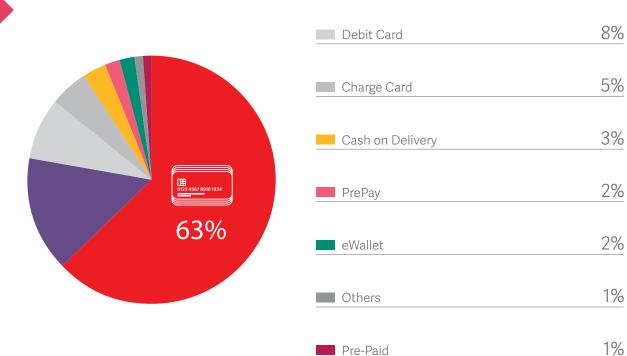
eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$2 bn	US\$1 bn	US\$1 bn
2019	US\$3 bn	US\$2 bn	US\$2 bn

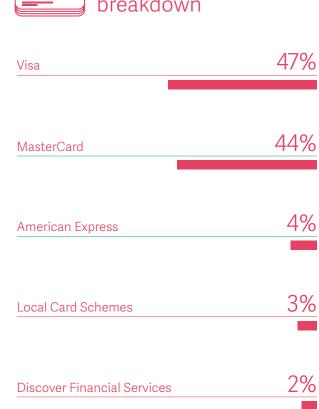
17% **\(\)** 2015-2019 CAGR

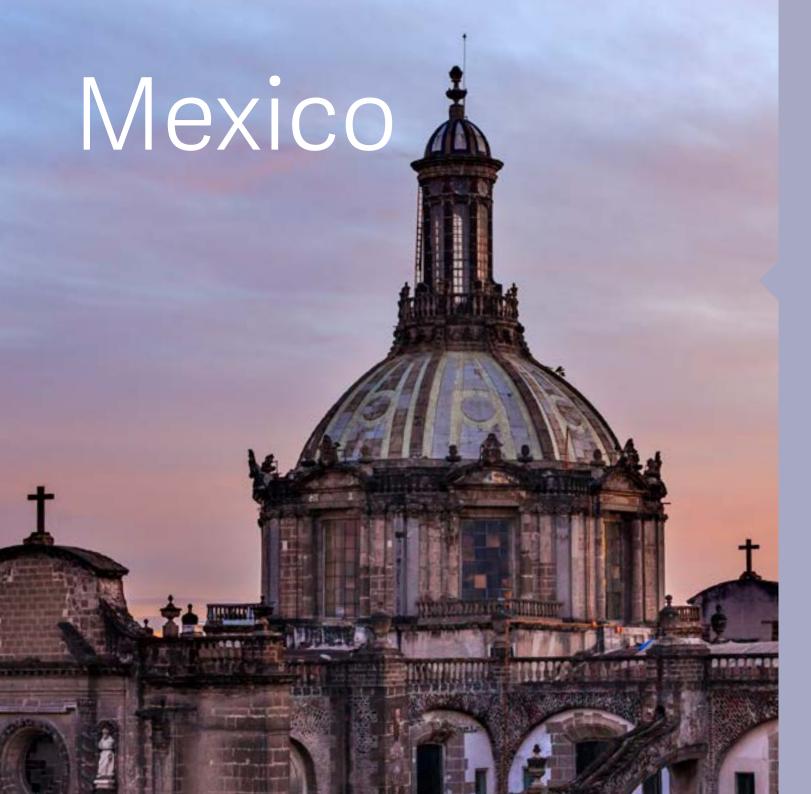
63%

15%









A rapidly-growing eCommerce market is likely to see a gradual decline in the use of cards.



Despite a relatively low Internet penetration, Mexico has the second-largest retail eCommerce market in Latin America after Brazil – and it's growing rapidly. In fact, at its current CAGR, the total value of the market's 2015 online purchases is likely to almost triple by 2019. Much of this growth is due to mobile purchases – Mexico has a high adoption of mobile technology and over one-third of the population uses smartphones, making Mexico the largest mCommerce market in Latin America. A high proportion of online purchases are cross-border transactions, primarily from the United States.

As many Mexicans do not have a bank account, cash makes up a significant portion of total payments, though cards and bank transfers are also popular. A relatively small (5%) increase in alternative payment methods (to 32%) is expected by 2019. Cards are expected to see a commensurate decline in share



Top tip: Installments (for card purchases) are popular in Mexico, though a local entity is required to support this type of payment.

123 Million

43%

2014 population

Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$1.28 tn

0.83

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

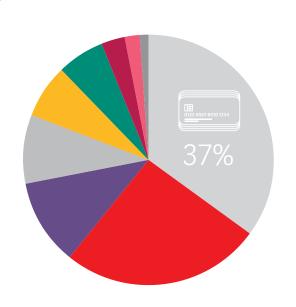
Bank Transfer & Convenience store payment

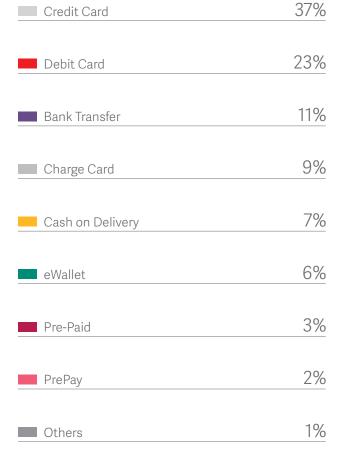
Popular alternative payment methods

eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$10 bn	US\$9 bn	US\$1 bn
2019	US\$27 bn	US\$24 bn	US\$3 bn

27% ▲ 2015-2019 CAGR







Visa	61%
MasterCard	21%
American Express	14%
Local Card Schemes	4%



The increase in mCommerce is likely to generate steady growth.



With a high Internet penetration and a technologically-aware population, Holland's retail eCommerce market is growing at a moderate rate. The main growth is in mCommerce.

Cards comprise a low proportion of total payments, with 13% of the market, while the lion's share is taken by Bank Transfers in the form of iDEAL, a real-time inter-bank payment method designed for Internet settlements. The role of cards is expected to fall further by 2019, to 11% of online payments.



Top tip: Now that three major Dutch banks provide mobile versions of iDEAL, more than 90% of the Dutch population can use iDEAL in a mobile environment.

2014 GDP

16 Million 94% 2014 population Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$866 bn 1.16

Mobile subscriptions per capita

iDEAL & SEPA DD

Popular alternative payment methods

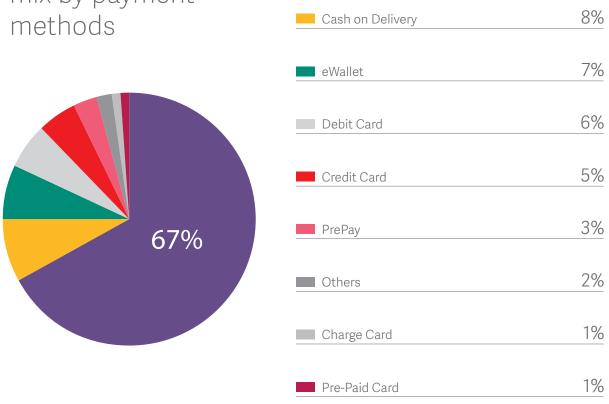
eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$24 bn	US\$22 bn	US\$2 bn
2019	US\$37 bn	US\$32 bn	US\$5 bn

11% **\(\)** 2015-2019 CAGR

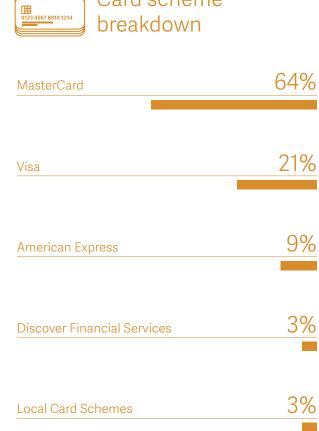
67%

eCommerce. mix by payment



Bank Transfer







After a faltering start, New Zealand's eCommerce market is now showing consistent growth.



While New Zealand was relatively slow to adopt the online shopping model, largely because of generally poor domestic website performance, the eCommerce market is now showing steady growth. With over half of the population using smartphones, it is perhaps not surprising that mCommerce is growing particularly quickly.

Cards (debit and credit) dominate and are expected to increase their total share from 61% to 72% between 2015-2019. Although eWallets are popular, New Zealand is one of the few countries which is likely to experience an overall decline in the use of alternative payment methods. By 2019, alternative payment methods are likely to claim approximately 28% of online payments.



Top tip: Almost 50% of New Zealanders have abandoned a purchase as a result of poor website performance, and bought the same product from another site.

At a glance		eComm	erce projected gro	wth	
4 Million	83%		eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2014 population	Internet penetration (% of population)	2015	US\$4 bn	US\$3 bn	US\$0.5 bn
US\$198 bn	1.12 Mobile subscriptions per capita	2019	US\$6 bn	US\$4 bn	US\$1 bn
POLi Popular alternative payment methods		11%	▲ 2015-2019 C	AGR	
eCommerce	Credit Card		36%		
mix by payment methods	Debit Card		25%	Card scheme breakdown)
	■ Bank Transfer		16%	Local Card Schemes	64%
III 0123 4567 8:	eWallet		9%	Visa	21%
36	% Cash on Delivery		8%	MasterCard	12%
	■ PrePay		4%	American Express	3%
	Others		2%		



Strong growth in Norway's eCommerce sector looks set to continue.



With one of the highest Internet penetration levels in the world, as well as a high GDP per capita and exceptionally low income inequality, Norway has a booming eCommerce market. In fact, the market accounts for an even greater proportion of Scandinavian eCommerce than Sweden, with just half the population. This situation looks set to continue, with the Norwegian online retail market growing strongly between 2015-2019.

With 31% of all payments, cards are the preferred method, though this is likely to fall to 26% by 2019. Invoicing and Bank Transfers are also popular, along with eWallets (particularly PayPal). These are expected to play a key role in the increase of alternative payment methods from 69% to 74% of all online payments.



Top tip: Any merchant considering Norway, should offer eWallets (particularly PayPal) as they are extremely popular.

95% 5 Million 2014 population Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$500 bn 1.17

Mobile subscriptions per capita 2014 GDP

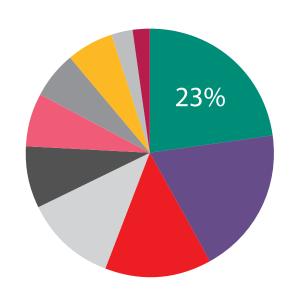
Trustly

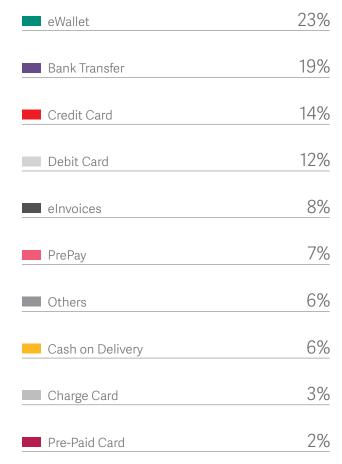
Popular alternative payment methods

eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$16 bn	US\$14 bn	US\$3 bn
2019	US\$28 bn	US\$19 bn	US\$9 bn

15% ▲ 2015-2019 CAGR







breakdown	
Visa	539
MasterCard	339
_	
Local Card Schemes	59
Discover Financial Services	59
American Express	49



Card use is expected to fall in a market showing good growth.



Although historically behind the European average in the adoption of eCommerce, largely because of low Internet penetration, Poland is now showing good growth and is now one of the stronger online retail markets in Central Europe. The market has particularly strong growth in mCommerce and is expected to increase its mobile sales by almost 600% between 2015-2019.

Credit Cards have a relatively low share of the payment environment, which is dominated by Bank Transfers, though Debit Cards are popular. However, overall card use is likely to fall by some 10% (to 25%) by 2019, as alternative payment methods are expected to grow by the same amount to 76%. Use of cash and eWallets will play a large role in this increase.



Top tip: Online banking is by far the most preferred payment method in Poland. Online Credit Card use is relatively modest in comparison.

2014 population

2014 GDP

37 Million

63%

Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$547 bn

1.56

Mobile subscriptions per capita

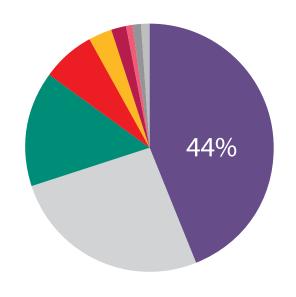
eCommerce projected growth

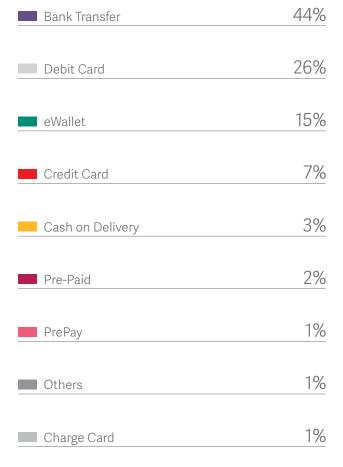
eCommerce turnover		Desktop	Mobile	
2015	US\$11 bn	US\$10 bn	US\$0.6 bn	
2019	US\$16 bn	US\$13 bn	US\$3 bn	

11% **\(\)** 2015-2019 CAGR

Przelewy24 & PayU

Popular alternative payment methods







56
36
6
_



This market is showing signs of growth as consumers begin to recover confidence.



After a period of difficult domestic economic conditions, consumer confidence in Portugal has begun to recover and the general retail market is showing signs of growth. This is clearly evident in mCommerce, where purchases are particularly strong and predicted to grow threefold by 2019 (against a 2015 base).

Although Credit and Debit cards are a popular way of paying, holding a 72% share of the payment market, this usage level is expected to decline significantly by 2019, to 59%. Cash, Bank Transfers and PrePay will all feature in the likely growth of alternative payment methods, to a 41% share of all online payments.



Top tip: As one in five Portuguese cross-border transactions are made from Spanish sites, merchants looking to penetrate the Portuguese market should consider a Spanish language site.

2014 GDP

10 Million 62%

2014 population Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$230 bn

Mobile subscriptions per capita

1.12

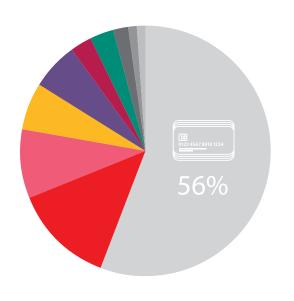
eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$4 bn	US\$4 bn	US\$0.4 bn
2019	US\$7 bn	US\$6 bn	US\$1 bn

13% ▲ 2015-2019 CAGR

Multibanco Bank Transfer & PayPal

Popular alternative payment methods



Debit Card	56%
Credit Card	13%
PrePay	9%
Cash on Delivery	6%
Bank Transfer	6%
Pre-Paid	3%
eWallet	3%
PostPay	2%
Others	1%
Charge Card	1%



Visa	65%
MasterCard	30%
Local Card Schemes	3%
American Express	2%



Mcommerce is particularly strong within a steadily growing market.



Even with a relatively low Internet penetration, Russia has the largest base of Internet users in Europe, indicating room for significant growth in eCommerce. In fact, strong growth has already begun and is set to continue for the next few years. The market also has an exceptionally high smartphone adoption, a trend which is driving a booming

For payment, relatively few Russians use Credit Cards, instead preferring Debit Cards, Bank Transfers or cash. The most popular form of payment in Russia are eWallets, particularly Qiwi, WebMoney and Yandex Money. The relative share of cards and alternative payment methods is expected to remain unchanged between 2015-2019, at approximately 50% each.



Top tip: The single most popular form of payment in Russia are eWallets, particularly products such as Qiwi, WebMoney and Yandex.

143 Million 61%

2014 population

Internet penetration (% of population)

Debit Card

US\$1.85 tn

1.5

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

eCommerce projected growth

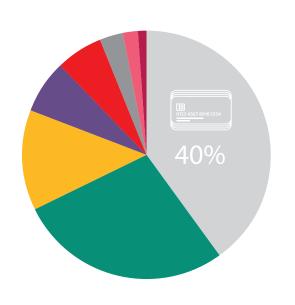
	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$28 bn	US\$27 bn	US\$1 bn
2019	US\$55 bn	US\$52 bn	US\$3 bn

19% ▲ 2015-2019 CAGR

40%

Qiwi, Yandex & WebMoney

Popular alternative payment methods



eWallet	28%
- CVIANCE	
Cash on Delivery	13%
■ Bank Transfer	7%
Credit Card	6%
Others	3%
PrePay	2%
■ Pre-Paid Card	1%



Visa	61%
MasterCard	36%
Local Card Schemes	2%
Others	1%



Alternative payment methods are likely to become more established in a market showing solid growth.



Singapore's urban population and high Internet connectivity have established it as a mature eCommerce market, with high levels of cross-border transactions. Although purchases via desktop are static, the overall eCommerce market is showing solid growth, largely due to of high smartphone penetration and mCommerce.

As many people in Singapore own multiple Credit Cards, it is perhaps natural that cards are, by some margin, the most popular payment method, though online banking and eWallets are not insignificant. The grip of cards, however, is likely to weaken over the next few years, falling by over 10% of market share (to 69%), as alternative payment methods become



Top tip: Merchants do not need a local entity for cross-border transactions and can be paid in SGD or other currencies.

5 Million 73%

2014 population

Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$308 bn

1.58

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

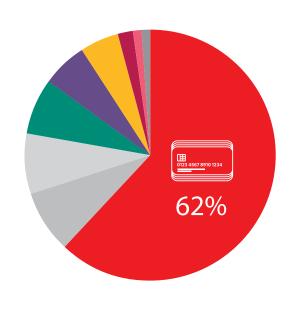
eNets & PayPal

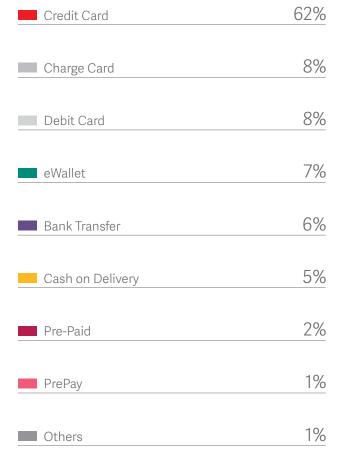
Popular alternative payment methods

eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$3 bn	US\$1 bn	US\$1 bn
2019	US\$4 bn	US\$1 bn	US\$3 bn

11% **\(\)** 2015-2019 CAGR







Visa	54
American Express	24
MasterCard	16
Local Card Schemes	3
Discover Financial Services	2
Discover i manerar octivices	

South Africa

Though in the early stages of growth, South Africa looks likely to become a significant force in eCommerce.



eCommerce penetration in South Africa is still relatively low by global standards, though the market's number of online consumers is expected to nearly double over the next few years, making it a significant force in the region.

One barrier to the growth of online shopping is security, which is why eWallets (particularly PayPal) claim a relatively high share of overall online payments. This is because PayPal does not share financial information with the seller when authorising a transaction. Despite this, Credit Cards claim 40% of online payments, while cards overall have some 57% of the market. This share is expected to fall slightly (to 55%) by



Top tip: Any merchant considering South Africa should promote security on their website.

At a glance		eComn	nerce projected gro	wth	
54 Million	49%		eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2014 population	Internet penetration (% of population)	2015	US\$3 bn	US\$3 bn	US\$0.2 bn
US\$350 bn	1.5 Mobile subscriptions per capita	2019	US\$5 bn	US\$4 bn	US\$1 bn
PayPal, SID Popular alternative payment methods		14%	2015-2019 C	AGR	
eCommerce mix by payment	Credit Card		40%		
methods	Bank Transfer		18%	Card scheme breakdown	
	Debit Card		17%	Visa	64%
田 0123 4567 8910 1234	eWallet		11%	MasterCard	31%
40%	Cash on Delivery		9%	American Express	3%
				Diners Club	2%
	PrePay PrePay		4%		

Others

1%



The grip of card-based payment methods will loosen, as South Korea's eCommerce market grows slowly but steadily.



After rapid expansion between 2011 and 2014, South Korea's eCommerce is now growing more modestly, though still steadily. Much of this growth is likely to be accounted for by mobile purchases, as the market's highly-connected population increasingly embraces the mobile environment.

Credit Cards (predominantly local) are by far the most common form of payment, with 69% of the market. Cards overall have a share of some 83%. This dominant position will weaken in the period 2015-2019, as alternative payment methods grow from a current 17% of online payments to 27%.



Top tip: Much of South Korea's eCommerce is cross-border and merchants offering these transactions will need a local entity and a bank account for local currency settlement.

25 Million 85%

2014 population Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$1.41 tn

2014 GDP

1.16

Mobile subscriptions per capita

Credit Card

Domestic cards & Online Bank Transfer

Popular alternative payment methods

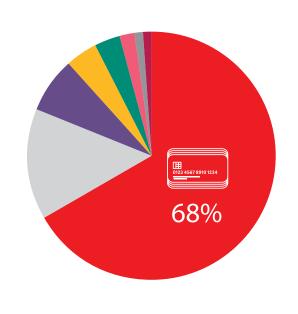
eCommerce projected growth

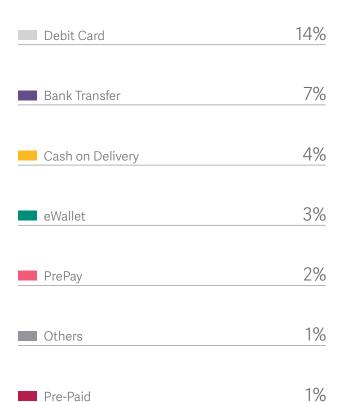
	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$29 bn	US\$18 bn	US\$10 bn
2019	US\$40 bn	US\$21 bn	US\$19 bn

9% **\(\)** 2015-2019 CAGR

68%

eCommerce mix by payment methods







Card scheme breakdown

	53%
Local Card Schemes	J3 /0
Visa	27%
Master Card	15%
American Express	2%
JCB	2%
Discover Financial Services	1%
·	



The high potential of Spain's market has already begun.



Though still recovering from the effects of a financial crisis, Spain's high level of Internet penetration, coupled with widespread consumer enthusiasm for lower prices, indicates an eCommerce market with large potential. That potential has already begun to be realised and overall online retail is growing at a moderate rate, mainly due to a level of mobile activity that will see Spain's mCommerce market more than triple between 2015-2019.

Although card use is high, most of this is debit. Overall card usage is expected fall, from 59% to 39% of all online payments by 2019. By this time, alternative payment methods are likely to comprise some 61% of the market, especially online Bank Transfers, which show particular promise as users become even more confident with eCommerce.



Top tip: Over 60% percent of Spanish online shoppers buy from foreign websites, 90% of these shop within the EU.

46 Million 71%

2014 population

Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$1.40 tn

1.08

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

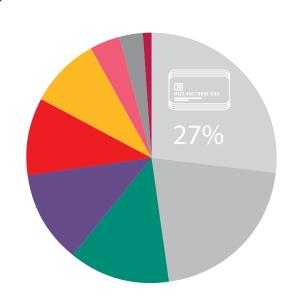
PayPal, Sofort Banking & Trustly

Popular alternative payment methods

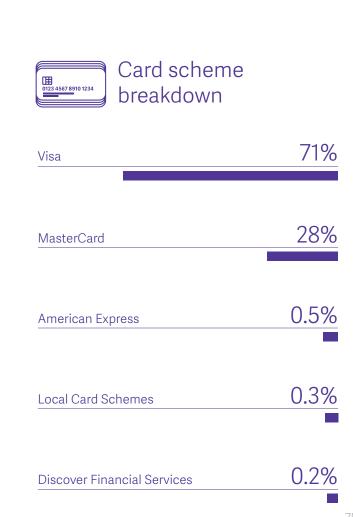
eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$24 bn	US\$22 bn	US\$2 bn
2019	US\$33 bn	US\$28 bn	US\$5 bn

9% **\(\)** 2015-2019 CAGR



Debit Card	27%
Charge Card	21%
eWallet	13%
	100/
Bank Transfer	12%
Credit Card	10%
Cash on Delivery	9%
PrePay	4%
Others	3%
Pre-Paid	1%





Sweden is leading the way in open invoice payments, within a context of steady eCommerce growth.



Online purchases accounted for 6.4% of Sweden's total retail sales in 2014 and with one of the world's highest levels of Internet penetration; there is clearly a good foundation for further growth. In fact, the total eCommerce market is expected to almost double over the period 2015-2019, with mobile purchases increasing by nearly 400% in the same period. A high proportion of these purchases were from non-Swedish websites, such as the UK, Germany, China and the US. This trend is likely to continue.

Cards, which comprise 67% of all payments, are the most popular form of payment, though their share of the market is expected to decline by as much as 40% by 2019.



Top tip: Sweden leads the way in open invoice payments, mainly through Klarna, who operate elnvoices, eWallets and Bank Transfers, which handles about 30% of all eCommerce.

2014 population

9 Million

95%

Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$570 bn

1.28

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

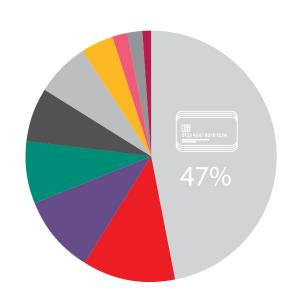
Klarna, Trustly & Nordea

Popular alternative payment methods

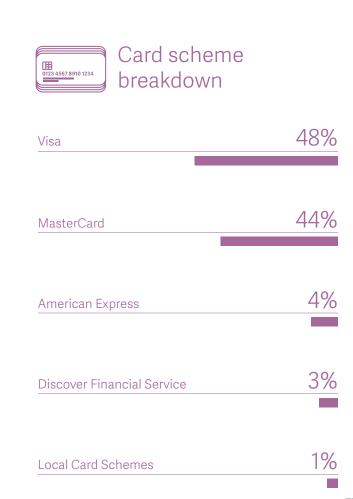
eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$14 bn	US\$12 bn	US\$2 bn
2019	US\$27 bn	US\$19 bn	US\$8 bn

18% ▲ 2015-2019 CAGR



Debit Card	47%
Credit Card	12%
Bank Transfer	10%
eWallet	8%
elnvoices	7%
Charge Card	7%
Cash on Delivery	4%
PrePay	2%
Others	2%
Pre-Paid	1%





Smartphone adoption is at the heart of Taiwan's solid eCommerce growth.



Taiwan's eCommerce market is growing steadily, driven mostly by high Internet penetration and widespread smartphone adoption. This growth is expected to be sustained over the next few years.

The market's enthusiasm for mobile technology has encouraged the introduction of several mobile payment initiatives, including systems that allow users to purchase products by scanning QR codes, pay taxi fares and restaurant bills with mobile devices. These initiatives, however, will not instantly alter Taiwan's payments landscape. Cards dominate with 39% of the market – a share which is expect to decrease to 33% by 2019. As in Japan, where cards also dominate, cash payments via convenience stores are popular with Taiwanese residents, though Bank Transfers and eWallets are also significant. By 2019, alternative payment methods are likely to comprise 67% of all online payments.



Top tip: With rapid and widespread smartphone adoption, Taiwan's mCommerce market has massive potential.

2014 population

2014 GDP

23 Million

N/A

Internet penetration (% of population)

Credit Card

Bank Transfer

US\$530 bn

N/A

Mobile subscriptions per capita

eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$29 bn	US\$25 bn	US\$4 bn
2019	US\$41 bn	US\$33 bn	US\$8 bn

9% **a** 2015-2019 CAGR

35%

20%

19%

12%

5%

4%

2%

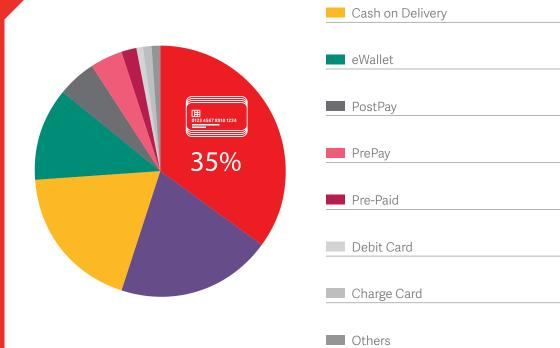
1%

1%

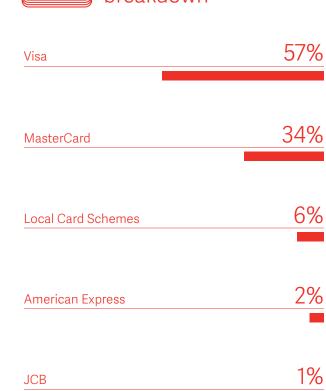
1%

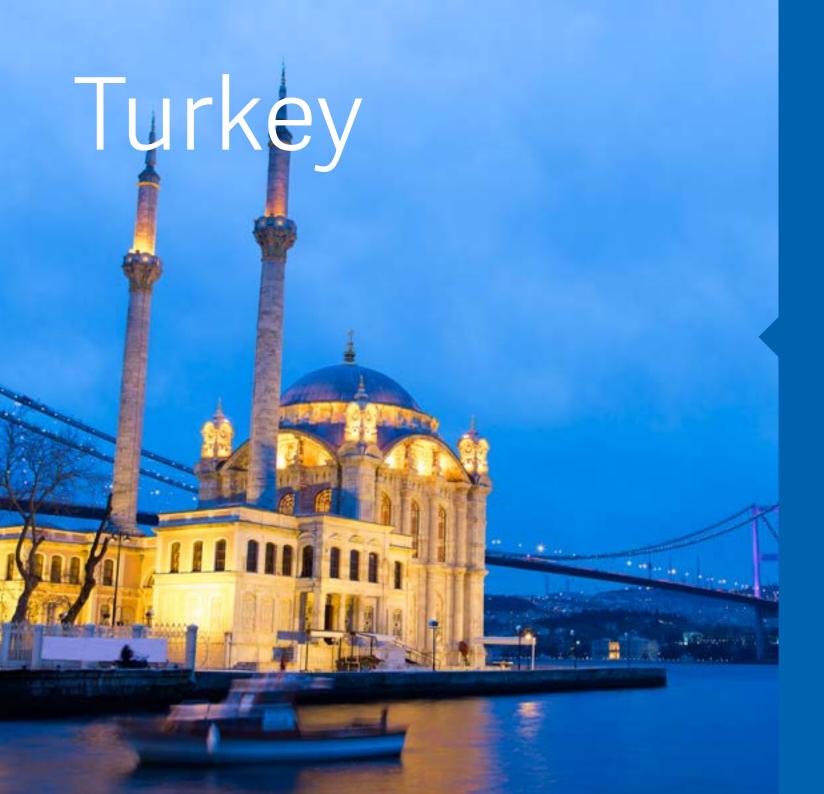
Cash on Delivery & Convenience store payment

Popular alternative payment methods









A rapidly expanding market dominated by card payments, is showing significant growth in Pre-Paid Cards.



With a young, highly technologically-aware population, Turkey is one of the fastest growing eCommerce markets in the world. However, although online purchases on all platforms are growing rapidly, this is particularly pronounced in the mobile arena, where purchases are expected to quadruple during the period 2015-2019. Cross-border transactions are relatively low but growing. For payments, cards are by far the most popular method with 85% market share, a figure which will decline only slightly (5%) over the next few years.

Alternative payment methods currently have 15% of the market, with Bank Transfers, eWallets and cash all equally popular. Pre-Paid Cards, currently at a low level of usage, are beginning to enjoy higher growth levels.



Top tip: While Credit Cards are highly popular in Turkey, Pre-Paid Cards are enjoying the highest growth in usage.

75 Million

46%

2014 population

Internet penetration (% of population)

Credit Card

Debit Card

US\$806 bn

0.95

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

Mobil Express, FastPay and WebMoney

Popular alternative payment methods

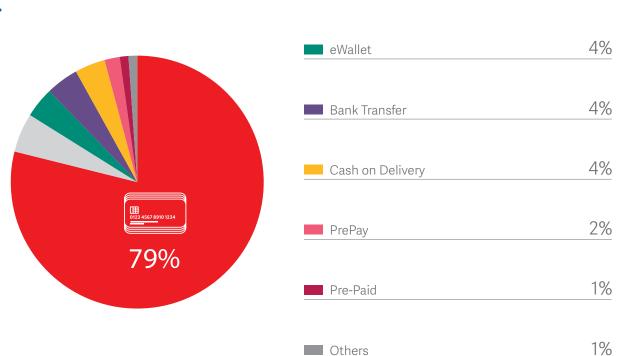
eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$13 bn	US\$13 bn	US\$0.7 bn
2019	US\$41 bn	US\$38 bn	US\$3 bn

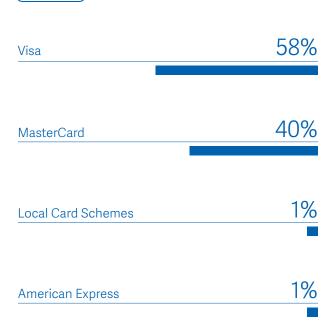
33%▲ 2015-2019 CAGR

79%

5%









Continued moderate growth is expected, particularly in mCommerce.



With a relatively young median age, the UAE's population is extremely technologically savvy - a fact underscored by high Internet and mobile penetration. Because of this, eCommerce activity is already high and growth is now modest rather than dramatic. Much of this growth is generated from mobile devices.

In terms of payment, cards (credit and debit) are both popular, followed by cash and Bank Transfer, though eWallets also account for a significant share of online settlements. There will be no major shift in the relative share of Credit Cards and alternative payment methods (34% and 66% respectively) during the period 2015-2019.



Top tip: As a large part of UAE consumer spending is from expatriate sources, offering international card brands is an important strategic consideration.

At a glance		eComm	erce projected gro	wth	
9 Million	88%		eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2014 population	Internet penetration (% of population)	2015	US\$3 bn	US\$2 bn	US\$1 bn
US\$402 bn	1.09 Mobile subscriptions per capita	2019	US\$5 bn	US\$2 bn	US\$3 bn
CashU & Bank Transfer Popular alternative payment methods		11%	▲ 2015-2019 C	AGR	
eCommerce mix by payment	Credit Card		21%		
methods	eWallet		15%	Card scheme breakdown	
	Cash on Delivery		14%	Visa	57%
21%	Bank Transfer		14%	MasterCard	39%
	Debit Card		13%	American Express	3%
	PrePay PrePay		13%	Diners	1%
	Others		10%		_



Despite high eCommerce penetration, the UK's online retail sector continues to grow.



One of the world leaders in e-tail adoption, the UK is very active in terms of both import and export eCommerce and the market is one of the most popular among European online shoppers. As a mature market, with high eCommerce penetration, growth is steady rather than dramatic. Mcommerce is likely to almost double over the next few years.

For payment, Credit and Debit Cards are popular, together comprising 63% of all payments. The use of cards as a whole will fall back to 50% market share by 2019, while alternative payment methods will grow from 37% to 50% of the market in the same period. Of these alternative payment methods, Bank Transfers are significant.



Top tip: The UK's use of eWallet payments is exceptionally high.

64 Million 90%

2014 population Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$2.94 tn

1.24

2014 GDP

Mobile subscriptions per capita

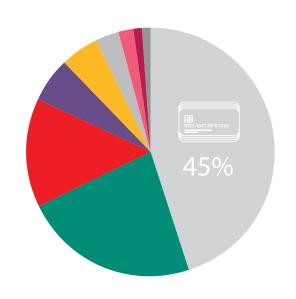
PayPal, Apple Pay & Bank Transfer

Popular alternative payment methods

eCommerce projected growth

	eCommerce turnover	Desktop	Mobile
2015	US\$157 bn	US\$132 bn	US\$24 bn
2019	US\$210 bn	US\$163 bn	US\$47 bn

8% **\(\)** 2015-2019 CAGR



Debit Card	45%
•Wallet	23%
Credit Card	14%
Bank Transfer	6%
Cash on Delivery	5%
Charge Card	3%
PrePay	2%
Pre-Paid	1%
Others	1%



Visa	79
MasterCard	16
American Express	3
Local Card Schemes	1
Discover Financial Services	1



Although the US market is slowing, it is still the world's single largest eCommerce market and is expected to remain buoyant.



With its huge population and high Internet penetration, the US is acknowledged as an eCommerce Super Power. Although its CAGR for the 2015 – 2019 period is forecast to be lower than in the previous period, the market is expected to remain buoyant and show extremely high growth, particularly in mCommerce.

As the vast majority of the US population are Visa/MasterCard holders, it is unsurprising that the payment environment is dominated by cards, with 72% of the market. However, this share is expected to fall to 57% by 2019 as users gain more awareness of and confidence in, alternative methods of payment. eWallets, such as PayPal and Apple Pay, are particularly popular - and growing - form of payment in the US.



Top tip: Although PayPal is popular, its position is threatened by new market entrants such as Apple Pay and Google Wallet. A recent study* showed that PayPal is already losing share to these solutions.

* 451 Research, 2015

318 Million 84%

2014 population Internet penetration (% of population)

US\$17.41 tn

Mobile subscriptions per capita 2014 GDP

0.98

2015

2019

14% **\(\)** 2015-2019 CAGR

eCommerce projected growth

eCommerce turnover

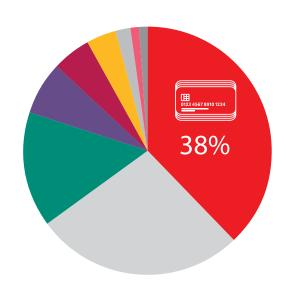
US\$312 bn

US\$536 bn

PayPal & ACH

Popular alternative payment methods

eCommerce mix by payment methods



Credit Card	38%
Debit Card	27%
a)Mallat	15%
eWallet	13 /0
Bank Transfer	7%
Pre-Paid	5%
Cash on Delivery	4%
Charge Card	2%
PrePay PrePay	1%
Others	1%

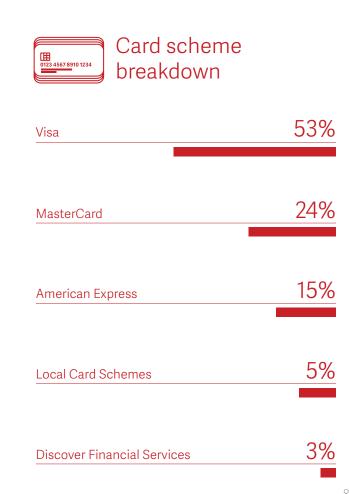


Mobile

US\$51 bn

Desktop

US\$261 bn



We hope you've found our Global Payments Report useful.

Our payment experts are here to help you navigate through the world of online payments.

If you have any questions, click here worldpay.com/dropusaline

© Worldpay 2015. All rights reserved.

The information, opinions and any analysis (together, "Information") contained herein are based on sources believed to be reliable but no representation or warranty, expressed or implied, is made by Worldpay (UK) Limited, Worldpay (P Limited or any of their affiliates, directors, officers, employees, agents or advisers (together "Worldpay") as to the reliability, accuracy, timeliness or completeness of any Information contained in this document, any of which is subject to change without notice and is supplied to you on an 'as is' basis for your information only and is not intended to be relied upon by you or any person for any purpose whatsoever. None of Worldpay accuracy, timeliness or completeness of any Information or (b) any subsequent interpretation or use you undertake in relation to that Information. Nothing in this paragraph excludes or limits liability for fraud, death or personal injury. The document is private and confidential and contains commercially sensitive information. This document and its contents are proprietary to Worldpay and may not be reproduced, published or resold. This document is being made available only to you and is subject to the terms of the confidentiality undertakings between you and Worldpay.

Worldpay (UK) Limited (Company No. 07316500 / FCA No. 500923), Worldpay Limited (Company No. 03424752 / FCA No. 504504), Worldpay AP Limited (Company No. 5593466 / FCA No. 502597). Registered Office: The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London EC4N 8AF and authorised by the Financial Conduct Authority under the Payment Service Regulations 2009 for the provision of payment services. Worldpay, the logo, and any associated brand names are all the trademarks of the Worldpay group of companies.